U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14C INFORMATION Information Statement Pursuant to Section 14(C) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Check the appropriate box:
[] Preliminary Information Statement
[] Confidential, or Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14-a-6(e)(2))
[X] Definitive Information Statement
INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION (Name of Registrant As Specified In its Charter)
Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):
[X] No Fee Required.
[] Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14-c-5(g) and 0-11
 Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies: Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies: Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (Set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined): Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction: Total fee paid:
[] Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.
[] Check box if any part of the fee is provided by Exchange Act Rule 0-11(a)(2) and identify the filing for which the offsetting fee was paid previously. Identify the previous filing by registration statement number

- 1) Amount previously paid:
- 2) Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.:

or the Form or Schedule and the date of its filing.

- 3) Filing Party:
- 4) Date Filed:

INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION SUITE 301H, 249 ROYAL PALM WAY PALM BEACH, FLORIDA 33480 (561) 820-0084

INFORMATION STATEMENT

July 16, 1997

DATE, TIME AND PLACE INFORMATION

This Information Statement is being mailed to the shareholders of InterUnion Financial Corporation (the "Corporation") on or about July 29, 1997, in connection with the Special Meeting to be held in lieu of the Annual Meeting of Shareholders of the Corporation on August 18, 1997 at 11:00 a.m. at Suite 301H, 249 Royal Palm Way, Palm Beach, Florida 33480.

WE ARE NOT ASKING YOU FOR A PROXY AND YOU ARE REQUESTED NOT TO SEND US A PROXY

ACTIONS TO BE TAKEN

- To have this Special Meeting held in lieu of an annual meeting of the shareholders for 1997.
- To receive the consolidated financial statements of the Corporation for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1997, together with the report of the auditors therein and the Annual Report of the directors to the shareholders.
- 3. To elect the Board of Directors to serve until the next annual meeting.
- 4. To appoint auditors and to authorize the Board of Directors to fix remuneration to be paid to the auditors.
- 5. To approve an amendment (the "Amendment") to the Corporation's Certificate of Incorporation, as amended to decrease the authorized Common Stock from 100,000,000 shares to 2,500,000 shares, to decrease the authorized Class B Preferred Stock from 50,000,000 shares to 1,000 shares and to decrease the authorized Class C Preferred Stock from 50,000,000 shares to 1,000 shares. The decrease in authorized Common Stock, Class B Preferred Stock and Class C Preferred Stock will reduce the calculation of Franchise Tax as computed by the State of Delaware pursuant to the laws of the State of Delaware.

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DISSENTERS' RIGHTS OF APPROVAL

The corporate action described in this Information Statement will not afford to shareholders the opportunity to dissent from the action described herein.

VOTING SECURITIES AND PRINCIPAL HOLDERS THEREOF

CLASS OF SECURITY	SHARES	OUTSTANDING	NUMBER OF VOTES
Common Stock	1,298,136	1,298,136	
Preferred Class A Stock	1,500,000	150,000,000	

Each holder of the shares properly registered at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which the Notice of Special Meeting of Shareholders is given will be entitled to one vote for each share of Common Stock and one hundred votes for each share of Class A preferred Stock held by such holder on all matters to come before the meeting except to the extent that such holder has transferred any such shares after the record date and the transferee of such shares established ownership thereof and makes a written demand, not later than 10 days before the meeting, to be included in the list of shareholders entitled to vote at the meeting, in which case the transferee will be entitled to vote such shares.

Information with regards to Item 403 of Regulation S-B is not required as no solicitation is being sought.

DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

No material proceedings involve any directors, executive officers or persons nominated or person chose by the Corporation to become a director or executive officer of the Corporation which is adverse to the Corporation.

a) DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

<table> <caption> NAME, MUNICIPALITY OF RESIDENCE</caption></table>	AGE	LENGTH OF SERVICE
<s> <s <<<br="">Georges Benarroch Toronto, Ontario, Canada</s></s>	C> 50 M	<c> Appointed as President and Chairman of the Board of Directors, arch 21, 1994</c>
T. Jack Gary, III West Palm Beach, Florida	56	Appointed as Secretary, January 30, 1995
Ann Glover Toronto, Ontario, Canada	47	Appointed to Board of Directors, February 17, 1995

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Jacques Meyer de Stadelhofen Appointed to Board of Directors, 49 Geneva, Switzerland December 16, 1994

Karen Lynn Bolens 50 Appointed to Board of Directors,

Geneva, Switzerland December 16, 1994

Selwvn Kletz 52 Vice-President

Toronto, Ontario Canada Nominated to Board of Directors,

April 1, 1997

Dr. Colin Bier 51 Nominated to Board of Directors, April 7, 1997

Montreal, Quebec, Canada </TABLE>

GEORGES BENARROCH is the President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company. He is also the Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Credifinance Securities Limited, President, Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Credifinance Capital Inc. and Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Reeve, Mackay & Associates, Ltd. -- all wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company.

Since 1977, Mr. Benarroch has held the position of officer and partner/director with various investment firms and private/public companies in the United States, Canada and Europe. He has been a senior partner and/or seat holder of a member firm in Canada since 1982. His experience covers all types of corporate financings.

T. JACK GARY, III is the Secretary of the Company. He is also Branch Manager of the West Palm Beach, Florida, office of Raymond James & Associates, a national brokerage firm. From 1988 to 1992, Mr. Gary was the President of Crown Financial Advisors, Inc., an investment advisory firm, and Crown Capital Advisors, Inc., a registered investment advisor. From April, 1992 to 1995, Mr. Gary was Chief Executive Officer of Crown Financial and Executive Vice President of Crown Capital Advisors, Inc. Mr. Gary will devote approximately 10% of his time to his duties as Secretary at InterUnion.

ANN GLOVER serves as a Director of the Company. She is a Director, Secretary/Treasurer of Credifinance Securities Limited a subsidiary of the Company. Ms. Glover has been a Director, Secretary/Treasurer and Chief Compliance Officer of Credifinance Securities Limited since 1991. Ms. Glover will devote approximately 10% of her time to InterUnion as she is also a director and officer of Credifinance Securities Limited.

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JACQUES MEYER DE STADELHOFEN serves as a Director of the Company. Since 1981 through and including the present time, he has practised as an attorney, specializing in tax and financial matters for international corporations and charitable organizations. Mr. Stadelhofen's duties for InterUnion will be limited to his participation at Board Meetings.

KAREN LYNN BOLENS serves as a Director of the Company. Since 1985 through and including the present time, she has practised as an associate attorney, specializing in corporate, estate and family law for international clients. Ms. Bolens' duties for InterUnion will be limited to her participation at Board Meetings.

SELWYN J. KLETZ has held the position of officer and partner/director with various investment firms and private/public companies in Canada and South Africa. His experience in the investment industry covers research, investment banking, merchant banking, corporate finance and investment management. Mr. Kletz will be devoting 100% of his time to InterUnion.

DR. COLIN BIER holds the position of consultant in Toxicoloy and Bioregulatory Affairs o ABA BioResearch Inc. Since 1988, Dr. Bier has held the position of officer and/or directorwith various laboratories and, since 1978, has been a lecturer at McGill and Concordia Universities. Dr. Bier serves on the Board of Directors of Recetpagen Ltd. inwhich InterUnion has a controlling interest. Dr. Bier's duties for InterUnion will be limited t his participation at Board Meetings.

- No director of InterUnion is currently a director of any other reporting company.
- (2) Under Section 1 ARTICLE III, of the Corporation's By-Laws, the directors shall serve until the next annual meeting of the stockholders, as prescribed by the Board of Directors, at which time directors are elected by the stockholders.
- (3) No director, executive officer and beneficial owner of more than ten percent (10%) of any class of equity securities of the Corporation failed to file on a timely basis reports required by section 16(a) of the Exchange Act during the most recent two fiscal years to the best of the Corporation's knowledge. Company's knowledge.

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(b) IDENTIFY SIGNIFICANT EMPLOYEES

The Corporation does not expect to receive a significant contribution from employees that are not executive officers.

(c) FAMILY RELATIONSHIPS

Currently, there are no directors, executive officers or persons nominated or person nominated by the Corporation to become a director or executive officer of the Corporation who are related to any individual who currently holds the position of director or executive officer or is nominated to one of the said positions.

(d) INVOLVEMENT IN CERTAIN LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

No material events have occurred in the last five years that would affect the evaluation of the ability or integrity of any director, person nominated to become a director, executive officer, promoter or control person of the Company.

(e) COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(a) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

For the two fiscal years ended March 31, 1997, to the best of the Corporation's knowledge no director, executive officer and beneficial owner of more than ten percent (10%) of any class of equity securities of the Company failed to file on a timely basis reports required by section 16(a) of the Exchange Act.

(f) SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS

The following are known by the Corporation to be the beneficial owner of more than five percent of any class of the said issue's voting securities.

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Title of Class	Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Na of Beneficial O	
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Common	RIF Capital Inc. (1) Price Waterhouse Centre PO Box 634C	536,499	41.33%
	St. Michael, Barbados, WI		
Common	Selwyn Kletz 499 Riverside Drive Toronto, Ontario Canada	100,000	7.70%
	TOTAL ==	636,499	49.03%
Preferred A	A RIF Capital Inc. Price Waterhouse Centre PO Box 634C St. Michael, Barbados, WI	1,500,000	100%

(g) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the proposed acquisition of New Researches Corporation ("NRC"), the vendors are RIF Capital Inc. and Central Investment Trust. Both are related parties as RIF Capital Inc. controls the Company and Central Investment Trust owns all of the issued and outstanding common shares of RIF Capital Inc.

The terms of the acquisition is as follows:

- a. The Corporation shall pay to the Vendors or at their discretion, a non-refundable Option fee of US\$80,000 on or before December 15, 1996.
- b. The Option shall expire on December 15, 1997 ("Closing Date").
- The Corporation shall provide written notice of its intention to exercise the Option to the Vendors and NRC.
- d. The purchase price paid by InterUnion to the Vendors, upon exercise of the option shall be:

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- US\$2,000,000 payable on or before the Closing Date (4:00 p.m. Palm Beach time); and
- ii) Upon the sale of any of the common shares of Genesis, including any shares issued pursuant to the exercise of the common share purchase warrants of Genesis, including any shares issued pursuant to the exercise of the common share purchase warrants of Genesis, after the Closing Date, InterUnion shall pay to the Vendors eighty percent (80%) of the proceeds realized from such sales, in excess of C\$1.00 per share. This condition shall not expire except by mutual agreement of all parties to this Agreement.
- e. In the event that NRC receives a bona fide offer from a third party to purchase its common shares during the term of the Option and, if NRC should desire to accept said offer, NRC shall immediately forward a copy of the offer to the Corporation. The Corporation shall have a period of ten calendar days from the receipt of the offer to counter the offer or exercise the Option by giving notice, at its sole discretion, in accordance with term c. If the Corporation fails to match the offer from the third party and to declare the Option to be null and void.

COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORIES AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

(a) SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

<TABLE>

Name & Principal	Fiscal		Other Lo	ng Term	All Other	
Position Y	ear Sa	lary Bo	onus Com	pensation	Compensation	Compensation
<s> <(</s>	> <(> <c< td=""><td>> <c:< td=""><td>> <c></c></td><td>· <c></c></td><td>•</td></c:<></td></c<>	> <c:< td=""><td>> <c></c></td><td>· <c></c></td><td>•</td></c:<>	> <c></c>	· <c></c>	•
Georges Benarroch	1996	None	None	\$50,000*	None	None
President & CEO	1997	None	None	None	None	None
Selwyn J. Kletz	1996	None	None	None	None	None
Vice-President	1997	None	None	None	13,265	None

</TABLE>

(b) ALL COMPENSATION COVERED

The Company's Board of Directors has approved payment of \$1,750 for the services of each of its independent directors for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1997.

The Corporation has no current options, warrants, SARs, long-term incentive plans, pension or profit-sharing plans, or other compensation plans, in

^{*}Georges Benarroch was paid \$50,000 as compensation for services subsequent to the end of the fiscal year ending March 31, 1996. No other officer was paid compensation. Mr. Benarroch was paid his compensation in the form of cash.

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The Corporation has no agreement or understanding, express or implied, with any officer or director, or any other person regarding employment with the Company or compensation for services.

Section 14 of ARTICLE III of the By-Laws of the Company provides that directors do not receive any stated salary for their services as directors. However, by board resolution, a fixed fee and expenses of attendance may be allowed for each meeting. These limitations do not affect compensation for a person serving as an officer of otherwise for the Company and receiving compensation therefor.

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Effective Mach 4, 1997, the Corporation engaged Goldstein, Golub, Kessler & Corporation, P.C. ("GGK") of New York as its independent public accountants. GGK, a member of Nexia International, replaces Mintz & Partners ("Mintz"), also a member of Nexia International. Mintz's report on the Corporation's financial statements during the two most recent fiscal years and all subsequent interim periods preceding the date hereof contained no adverse opinion or a disclaimer of opinion, and was not qualified as to uncertainty, audit scope or accounting principles. The directors of the Corporation approved the decision to change independent public accountants.

During the last two fiscal years and subsequent interim period to the date hereof, there were no disagreements between the Corporation and Mintz on any matters of accounting principles or practices, financial disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure, which disagreements, if not resolved to satisfaction of Mintz, would have caused it to make a reference to the subject matter of the disagreements in connection with its reports.

No "reportable events" as defined in Item 304(a)(1)(ii), occurred with respect to the Corporation within the last two fiscal years and the subsequent interim period to the date hereof.

During the last two fiscal years and the subsequent interim period to the date hereof, InterUnion did not consult GGK regarding any matter or events set forth in Item 304(a)(2)(ii) of Regulation S-B.

The Corporation has no standing audit, nominating or compensation committees. No meetings of the Board of Directors were held during the last full fiscal year. No director has resigned or declined to stand for re-election to the Board of Directors since the date of the last annual meeting of shareholders.

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The Corporation has not been advised by GGK that its representative will attend the Special Meeting of Shareholders on August 18, 1997.

AMENDMENT TO CHARTER, BYLAWS OR OTHER DOCUMENTS

The shareholders will be asked to approve an amendment to the Corporation's Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, to decrease the authorized Common Stock from 100,000,000 shares to 2,500,000 shares to decrease the authorized Class B Preferred Stock from 50,000,000 shares to 1,000 shares and to decrease the authorized Class C Preferred Stock from 50,000,000 shares to 1,000 shares. The decrease in authorized Common Stock, Class B Preferred Stock and Class C Preferred Stock will reduce the calculation of Franchise Tax as computed by the State of Delaware pursuant to the State of Delaware.

VOTING PROCEDURE

- a) The vote required for approval or election, other than for the approval of auditors, shall be a majority.
- b) No record date to determine which shareholders will be allowed to vote at this Special Meeting has been set. Therefore, under the General Corporation Law of Delaware, Section 213(a), shareholders entitled to notice and to vote will be those shareholders properly registered at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which notice is given.

- a) None of the directors, officers, nominees for election as director or associates of the directors or officers have any interest in the matters to be acted upon other than the interest of the general shareholders.
- b) None of the directors intends to oppose any action to be taken by the Corporation at the meeting.

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INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION

ANNUAL REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS

July 29, 1997

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

(a) BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

On February 7, 1994, the shareholders of AU 'N AG, INC., a Utah corporation, approved without dissent, a proposal to change the domicile of the Company through the merger of the Company into AU 'N AG, INC., a Delaware corporation to be formed.

On February 15, 1994 a Certificate of Incorporation of AU 'N AG, INC., a Delaware corporation, was filed with the office of the Secretary of State, Division of Corporations, State of Delaware.

On February 15, 1994, the date of incorporation of AU 'N AG, Inc. of Delaware, the directors of that corporation approved a Pre-Organization Subscription and Letter of Non-Distributive Intent executed by the President of AU 'N AG, Inc., the Delaware corporation, for \$10.00 with the understanding that the shares would be immediately canceled upon the effective date of the merger between AU 'N AG, INC. of Delaware and AU 'N AG, INC. of Utah. These shares were issued by the Company in reliance upon the exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, as provided by Section 4(2) of that Act and upon a similar exemption contained in applicable state securities laws. The shares received by AU 'N AG, INC. were restricted securities, subject to Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Further on February 15, 1994, a Plan and Agreement of Merger of AU 'NAG, INC. (Utah) and AU 'N AG, INC. (Delaware) was executed. On the same day a Certificate of Merger was executed by the above corporations. This Certificate of Merger was filed in the office of the Secretary of Delaware on March 10, 1994. Under the Certificate of Merger AU 'N AG, INC., the Delaware Corporation, was the surviving corporation.

Under the terms of the above-referenced merger each share of common stock of AU 'N AG, INC. (Utah) was converted into one share of AU 'N AG, INC. (Delaware). At the time of its incorporation, AU 'N AG, Inc. (Delaware) had total authorized capital stock in the amount of 50,000,000 shares at \$.001 par value. Each holder of AU 'N AG, INC. (Utah) upon surrender to AU 'N AG, INC. (Delaware) of one or more certificates for such shares for cancellation received one or more certificates for the number of shares of common stock of AU 'N AG, INC. (Delaware) represented by the certificates of AU 'N AG, INC. (Utah) so surrendered for cancellation by such holder.

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As a result of the above-referenced merger, 23,297,800 shares of common stock of AU 'N AG, INC. (Delaware) were issued to the shareholders of the corporation formerly known as AU 'N AG, INC. (Utah). At the time of the merger, AU 'N AG, INC. (Utah) had no assets and was an inactive corporation.

As provided in the Plan and Agreement of Merger, the sole purpose of the above-referenced merger was to change the issuer's domicile from Utah to Delaware and the exchange of securities from one corporation to another was, in the opinion of management, therefore outside of the provisions of Rule 145 as promulgated by the Securities & Exchange Commission. Further, it is the position of management that the exchange of stock was a transaction by an issuer not involving any public offering and thus was within the protection of Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, and exempted from registration requirements.

On April 11, 1994, a Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation of AU 'N AG, INC. (Delaware) was executed, providing that the name of the Company be changed to: INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION ("IFC" or the "Company"). This change of name was filed by the office of the Secretary of State of Delaware on April 19, 1994.

Subsequent to a filing of information submitted to the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD) pursuant to Schedule H of the NASD By-Laws and Rule 15c 2-11 under the Securities Act of 1934, on July 27, 1994 IFC was cleared for listing on the OTC Bulletin Board. The Company currently trades under the symbol: IUFC.

Subsequent to approval by the required shareholders at a meeting held October 14, 1994, the common stock was reverse split at a ratio of ten (10) to one (1). Further, based upon shareholder approval at that meeting, a Certificate of Amendment was filed with the Secretary of State, State of Delaware, showing capitalization as follows:

- (1) 100,000,000 shares of common voting stock at \$.001 par value.
- (2) 1,500,000 shares of Class A preferred stock at \$.10 par value.
- (3) 50,000,000 shares of Class B preferred stock with par value to be set by the Board of Directors.
- (4) 50,000,000 shares of Class C preferred stock with par value to be set by the Board of Directors.

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On January 18, 1995 the Company acquired all of the stock of BEARHILL LIMITED, a British Virgin Islands corporation, for the issuance of 22,262 shares of common stock (adjusted for the 20 for 1 reverse stock split of May 1996). On January 18, 1995 the Company also acquired all of the stock of GUARDIAN TIMING SERVICES, INC., a corporation organized under the laws of Ontario, Canada, for the issuance of 5,566 shares of common stock (adjusted for the 20 for 1 reverse stock split of May 1996).

Upon application to the Florida Department of State, on February 2, 1995, the Company was qualified and authorized to transact business in the State of Florida. The Company moved its principal office to 249 Royal Palm Way, Suite 301-H, Palm Beach, Florida 33480.

On March 20, 1995, the Company acquired all of the stock of I & B, INC., a Delaware corporation, CREDIFINANCE CAPITAL INC., a corporation organized under the laws of Ontario, Canada, CREDIFINANCE SECURITIES LIMITED., a corporation organized under the laws of Ontario, Canada, and ninety-five percent (95%) of the stock of ROSEDALE REALTY CORPORATION, a corporation organized under the laws of Ontario, Canada, for the issuance of 75,000 shares of common stock (adjusted for the 20 for 1 reverse stock split of May 1996). The Company further acquired the remaining outstanding stock of ROSEDALE REALTY CORPORATION for the issuance of 1,230 shares of common stock (adjusted for the 20 for 1 reverse stock split of May 1996). It should be noted that in 1996 the Company disposed, by way of an assignment in bankruptcy, of its shares in ROSEDALE REALTY CORPORATION. This assignment was a voluntary petition filed by Credifinance Capital, Inc., the owner of Rosedale, on September 29, 1995. The decision to file for bankruptcy was made after negotiations for a merger of Rosedale with another firm were unsuccessful. Rosedale had never been profitable subsequent to its acquisition and Credifinance Capital, Inc. made the decision to cease financing Rosedale's operations. The bankruptcy was concluded and there are no outstanding lawsuits against either Credifinance Capital, Inc. or the parent, InterUnion Financial Corporation. (See Note 9 of InterUnion Financial Corporation Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, March 31, 1997).

At a special meeting of the shareholders held on May 17, 1996, the Board of Directors was authorized to reverse split all authorized shares in a ratio of twenty (20) to one (1). At the time of this authorization, the total of all issued and outstanding voting shares of stock was 13,851,156.

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Reeve, Mackay is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Due to Reeve, Mackay's continued operating deficit and cash requirements, the Company has decided to dispose of its investment. The Company is currently engaged in discussions with potential buyers and anticipates to fully recover its cash advances and investments in Reeve, Mackay.

On September 26, 1996, the Company acquired an option to purchase all of the outstanding shares of NEW RESEARCHES CORPORATION. NEW RESEARCHES is a corporation organized under the laws of Panama. The Company has until December 15, 1997 to exercise its option.

On January 19, 1997, the Company entered into an agreement where it would act as an investment banker in the recapitalization of RECEPTAGEN Ltd. RECEPTAGEN is a corporation incorporated under the laws of Canada. RECEPTAGEN currently trades on the Toronto Stock Exchange (RCG) and the NASDAQ Over-the-Counter (RCEPF). Upon completion of the recapitalization of RECEPTAGEN, the Company will own over 40% of the outstanding common stock of RECEPTAGEN.

Currently, it is not the intention of the Company to consider its investment in RECEPTAGEN as an integral part of its business outside of its bridge financing and special situation activities.

(b) BUSINESS OF ISSUER

GENERAL.

The Company was formed to acquire a majority interest in existing securities firms, banks, insurance companies, and other financial and brokerage companies. The Company intends to actively engage in the business of the companies in which it invests by serving as an "information link" between these companies. The Company's goal in providing this information link is to improve access to new markets and business opportunities for these companies.

The Company also may provide bridge financing, which involves providing capital to a private company, to assist the company in making a public offering of its stock.

In addition, the Company may invest up to 40% of its total assets (exclusive of government securities and cash items), on an unconsolidated basis, in debt or equity securities issued by privately held firms, and in securities listed in markets that are open to public investment in Europe and North America.

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InterUnion is both a holding company and an operating company engaging in activities separate from the activities of its named subsidiaries. Specifically, InterUnion derives independent revenues from financial consulting, the bridge financing of pre-IPOs, and its participation in new ventures.

PRODUCTS AND/OR SERVICES OF ACTIVE SUBSIDIARIES

In addition to the operations of InterUnion Financial Corporation as the parent, the Company owns operating subsidiary corporations. A description of the business operations of these subsidiary corporations, each of which is wholly-owned, is as follows:

(1) CREDIFINANCE SECURITIES LIMITED

Credifinance Securities Limited. ("Credifinance") is an investment bank with offices in Toronto and Montreal, and is a member of the Investment Dealers Association of Canada, The Toronto Stock Exchange, Montreal Exchange and the International Securities Market Association. Credifinance has 25 employees engaged in fixed income and equity trading for Canadian institutions and in corporate finance. Credifinance's six person research team provides perspective on equity markets, companies and industries in Canada.

Credifinance was started in 1991, engaging in institutional trading, investment banking and research. The consolidation in the brokerage/investment banking industry in Canada created opportunities for small companies to provide better service to institutions. This unit began by specializing in the trading of less than investment grade bonds. In 1991-92, it expanded into equity trading for its institutional clients. Unlike the large brokerage firms, Credifinance acts strictly as an agent, and does not take positions against its clients.

To enhance its service for the institutional clients, Credifinance has

developed research capability focusing on:

- biotechnology
- communications and media
- software
- telecommunications
- metals, minerals and precious metals mining
- oil and gas
- industrial products

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Credifinance's corporate finance activities consist primarily of underwritings for small and medium-size companies. Between 1993 and 1995, Credifinance was the sole underwriter in five transactions, ranging in value from C (Canadian) \$1.5 to \$5.4 million; co-underwriter in two transactions of C\$32.5 million and C\$11 million; participated in a C\$135 million co-bought deal; and was involved in two special transactions of C\$10 and C\$15 million.

In fiscal 1996, Credifinance's corporate finance department participated in 4 deals and raised in excess of C\$15.3 million. In fiscal 1997, Credifinance participated in 9 deals and raised in excess of C\$150 million. The firm is continuing an aggressive expansion in the underwriting of companies in those sectors in which Credifinance's research specializes.

(2) GUARDIAN TIMING SERVICES INC.

Guardian Timing Services, Inc. ("Guardian") is an investment management firm located in Toronto, Canada, currently having approximately C\$75 million in assets under management. Guardian manages the Canadian Protected Fund, the Protected American Fund and the First America Fund. It uses a proprietary ITM market timing model owned by Bearhill Limited, Inc., another subsidiary of the Company.

(3) CREDIFINANCE CAPITAL INC.

Credifinance Capital, Inc. is an investment corporation located in Toronto, Canada. The business activities of this subsidiary corporation are limited to proprietary security investing using its own capital resources.

(4) BEARHILL LIMITED

Bearhill Limited ("Bearhill") is an investment management firm.

On September 9, 1994 Bearhill entered into an ITM SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT with Guardian Timing Services, Inc. ("Guardian"). This Agreement acknowledged that Bearhill owns the proprietary rights to certain computer software known as ITM Software, which is a computer software program which is used to generate buy and sell signals with respect to any stock market monitored. The parties entered into the above-referenced agreement because Bearhill wishes to market investment advisory services internationally and it requires computer software in order to generate market timing signals. Guardian, in turn, has agreed to perform the development of Release I of the ITM software and the related documentation upon the terms and conditions of the Agreement.

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The forecasting technique used by the ITM market timing model involves general market indicators, interest rates and monetary analysis, market perception indicators, and various statistical data to detect trends. An earlier version of the market timing model predicted the stock market downturn in October, 1987, allowing Guardian's clients to get out of the market 10 days prior to the downturn. The model is continually updated and has been credited with successfully avoiding many of the overall market declines in the early part of the 1990s.

On November 30, 1995 a Letter of Understanding was issued between a major Canadian bank (the "Bank") and Guardian Timing Services, Inc., InterUnion Financial Corporation, Havensight Holdings Ltd. and Bearhill Limited. This Letter of Understanding was issued as a condition precedent to the execution of an Investment Management Agreement pursuant to which the Bank will retain the services of Guardian Timing Services, Inc. with regard to the management of an investment portfolio with a minimum size of \$10,000,000 (Canadian).

The material terms of the Letter of Understanding may be summarized as follows:

- a. As a consideration of the Bank entering into the Investment Management Agreement, Bearhill (the owner of the ITM software) grants to the Bank an irrevocable option to acquire the ITM. If BNS elects to exercise its option, the Bank shall acquire 100% of the Class B shares of Bearhill (the Class B shares shall represent 30% of the equity of Bearhill) for \$750,000 and shall enter into an agreement to acquire the ITM for \$30 million. This acquisition price of \$30 million shall be financed by \$10 million in cash and a \$20 million 15-year non-recourse promissory note, with principal payable at the end of the term. The option as amended on April 16, 1997, calls for renewal for a 4-year indefinite term at the discretion of the Bank, subject to the payment of an option fee annually (in advance) commencing on April 23, 1996. The option fee for the year commencing April 23, 1996 is C\$25,000; the following year is C\$25,000, the following year is \$50,000.
- b. Even if the option is exercised, Guardian Timing Services, Inc.(GTS) retains the right (if J.P. Fruchet is in its employment) to be provided with the market signals generated by the ITM at no cost, provided that no more than \$200 million of assets (or a larger amount as may be managed when notice to exercise the option is given) are managed using the ITM signals.
- c. If the option is exercised, Bearhill is to use the \$750,000 obtained for the Class B shares as working capital. The \$10 million paid in cash shall be divided with \$1.6 million going to a trust account and \$8.4 million invested in Class 1 shares of the Nirvana Fund. All principal payments under the note are to be invested in Class 1 shares.

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- d. Bearhill is to pay the Bank for use of the timing signals generated by the ITM (exercise of the option) 15% of its gross revenue as a fee. If this fee is not sufficient to satisfy the Bank's interest obligations under the note, any deficiency shall be satisfied by Bearhill.
- e. The only shares of Bearhill outstanding as of the date of this Letter of Understanding are Class A shares, now representing 100% of the equity of Bearhill, held currently by InterUnion.
 - NOTE: The Letter of Understanding incorrectly states that the Class A shares are held equally by InterUnion and Havensight. Actually, this equal ownership will occur at such time as the ITM software owned by Bearhill is to be sold to any party. This Letter of Understanding contemplates that such a sale is to occur. For a further explanation, see the Agreement starting at page E-55.
- f. If the Class B shares are issued upon the exercise of the option by the Bank, the Class B shares shall receive 80% of all dividends paid by Bearhill until the Bank has received \$20 million, after which time the Class A and Class B shareholders are too share equally.
- g. Havensight and InterUnion each grant to the Bank an immediate option to acquire their respective Class A shares at a price equal to 90% of the book value, upon the occurrence of one or more of the following events:
 - i. the Note is satisfied in full prior to its maturity,
 - ii. the Class B shareholders have received an aggregate of \$25,000,000 in dividends from Bearhill,
 - iii. Bearhill defaults on any of its obligations to the Bank, becomes insolvent or commits an act of bankruptcy, or
 - iv. the Nirvana Fund under performs (meaning that the Fund's return averages less than 10% per annum compounded annually over any 36-month period).

Subsequent to the execution of the above-referenced Letter of Understanding, on December 20, 1995 an Investment Management Agreement was issued between Guardian and the Bank.

This Agreement formally appoints Guardian as the investment manager of an investment portfolio with an initial value of \$10 million (Canadian). Guardian is to use the market timing signals generated by the software developed by Bearhill known as the "ITM Software" in handling the investment decisions of the investment portfolio. The Agreement is to continue until either party gives at least 30 days written notice of termination.

Under the provisions of Schedule A, Guardian is to receive a management fee of 1/2 of one percent per month of the net asset value of the Portfolio determined at the end of each month and payable quarterly. There may be a bonus payable to Guardian annually determined under the more restrictive of two calculations, as specifically provided in Paragraph 4 of Schedule A of the said Agreement. Schedule A provides that the minimum fee and bonus to be paid to Guardian under the Agreement is \$50,000 (Canadian).

Subsequent to the acquisition of Bearhill by InterUnion (as the result of the purchase of all outstanding stock of Bearhill which was owned by Havensight Holdings, Ltd.), on January 19, 1995 an Agreement was executed between Havensight and InterUnion providing that if InterUnion should conclude an agreement of sale of the ITM software owned by Bearhill, Havensight will have the right to buy one-half of the Bearhill stock for a nominal consideration(\$1.00).

COMPETITION

The search for potentially profitable investments is intensely competitive. A list of actual and potential competitors would include the multinational banks, regional banks, thrift institutions, investment banks, brokerage firms, finance and leasing companies, merchant banks, venture capitalists and other financial service companies. The Company may be at a disadvantage when competing with firms with substantially greater financial and management resources and capabilities than the Company.

The issue of competition also directly impacts the subsidiary companies owned by InterUnion Financial Corporation. Credifinance Securities Limited concentrates on providing underwritings for small and medium-sized technology-intensive companies. Credifinance must compete with underwriting companies in Canada that are superior in asset strength and staff. Guardian Timing Services Inc. and Bearhill Limited both operate as managers of funds. A decline in their investment performance could cause the loss of these essential accounts. If the ITM market timing model used by both of these companies should not show an accurate forecast the companies could lose the managed accounts to larger investment management firms.

a

GROWTH STRATEGY

The growth strategy consists of two complementary components:

- Investing in the existing portfolio of financial services companies, and acquiring, when the appropriate opportunities arise, major positions in investment managers, banks, thrifts, brokerage houses and other financial services companies (e.g. leasing, insurance) positioned in niche markets; and
- o Expansion of bridge financing and investment banking activities.

However, any acquisition will represent the second phase in the Company's growth strategy. The first phase involves building up the existing operations to more completely utilize the existing resources and to capitalize on each unit's competitive strengths. For example, the Montreal office of Credifinance, where its President is located, has been expanded and is fully bilingual, staffed by French Canadians to better serve Quebec institutions. The corporate finance capabilities of Credifinance will continue to be expanded to fully utilize the unit's research and corporate finance capabilities and trading networks. Additional capital will enable InterUnion to participate in more bridge financing opportunities that in turn, will provide more corporate finance work for Credifinance; and will permit Credifinance to increase its block trading activity.

GOVERNMENT REGULATION

The operating activities of InterUnion Financial Corporation are not subject to governmental regulatory agencies. The investment management services of Bearhill Limited are not subject to direct government regulation in Canada.

Credifinance Securities Limited is a member of the Investment Dealers Association of Canada, The Toronto Stock Exchange, The Montreal Exchange and the International Securities Market Association. As such, it is subject to the rules, regulations, and administrative rulings of these entities.

Guardian Timing Services Inc. is regulated by the Ontario Securities Commission

The auction firm of Reeve, Mackay is not subject to Canadian government regulation.

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InterUnion Financial Corporation is not subject to the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "Act"). Section 3(a)(3) of the Act defines an "investment company" as "any issuer which . . . owns or proposes to acquire investment securities having a value exceeding 40 per cent of the value of such issuer's total assets (exclusive of Government securities and cash items)on an unconsolidated basis." "Investment securities" are defined for purposes of this section as "all securities except (A) Government securities, (B) securities issued by employees' securities companies, and (C) securities issued by majority-owned subsidiaries of the owner which are not investment companies."

The Company is not an investment company because it will invest no more than 40% of its total assets (excluding government securities and cash items), on an unconsolidated basis, in "investment securities" as defined in the Act. The Company considers its primary business to be engaging in non-investment company businesses through majority owned companies.

EMPLOYEES

The employees of the Company and its subsidiaries are all full-time employees. The total number of such employees is listed below:

InterUnion Financial Corporation		3
Bearhill Limited	0	
Guardian Timing Services Inc.		2
Credifinance Capital Inc.	2	
Credifinance Securities Limited		25
Total Employees	32	

MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

(a) MARKET INFORMATION

The issuer's common equity is traded on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol: IUFC.

The high and low sale prices for each quarter within the last two fiscal years are as follows.

11

<TABLE>

PERIOD		OPEN	HIGH	LOW	CLOSE
	-C\				-05
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
FY 96	Qtr 1	\$80.00	\$85.00	\$32.50	\$40.00
FY 96	Qtr 2	40.00	50.00	15.00	30.00
FY 96	Qtr 3	30.00	32.50	10.63	21.25
FY 96	Qtr 4	21.25	21.25	5.00	13.75
FY 97	Qtr 1	13.75	13.75	5.00	7.00
FY 97	Qtr 2	7.00	15.00	4.75	5.00
FY 97	Qtr 3	5.00	6.00	4.50	4.50
FY 97	Qtr 4	4.50	6.00	4.50	5.00

</TABLE>

(b) HOLDERS

The approximate number of holders of record of each class of common equity is as follows:

NUMBER OF HOLDERS
385 1 0

(c) DIVIDENDS

The company has never declared or paid dividends on its common stock or its preferred stock. There are no restrictions, other than state law that may be applicable, that limit the ability to payout all earnings as dividends. The Board of Directors does not anticipate paying any dividends in the foreseeable future; it intends to retain its distributable earnings, if any, for the expansion and development of its business.

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(d) RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

(i) SALES PURSUANT TO REGULATION D

The following sales were made by the Company within the past three (3) years in reliance upon an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, as contained within Regulation D, Rule 504, promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

TITLE OF CLA	ASS NUME	BER SHARES	PRICE PER S	SHARE COI	NSIDERATION	DATE OF SALE
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>		
Common	84,900	\$0.29	\$24,621	April 1994		
Common	8,750	4.00	35,000	April 1994		
Common	5,000	4.00	20,000	May 1994		
Common	6,250	4.00	25,000	July 1994		
Common	5,000	2.00	10,000	July 1994		
Common	18,511	2.00	37,022	August 1994		
Common	25,000	2.00	50,000	August 1994		
Common	50,000	1.00	50,000	October 1994	1	
Common	75,000	4.00	300,000	March 1994		
Common	62,500	2.00	125,000	June 1995		
Common	160,000	2.00	320,000	March 1996	Ď	

</TABLE>

NOTES TO SALES PURSUANT TO REGULATION D

- All sales of securities are shown based upon subsequent reverse stock splits as approved by the shareholders (1 for 10 in October 14, 1994 and 1 for 20 in May 17, 1996).
- (2) All sales were made directly by the Company as issuer. No commissions or underwriting discounts were paid in connection with the sales.
- (3) The class of persons to whom the Company sold the above-referenced securities were individuals or entities whom the Company had reason to believe were either accredited investors within the meaning of Regulation Section 230.501 or were investors having such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters that the purchaser could properly evaluate the risks and merits of the investment.
- (4) All sales as shown above were made to non-U.S. persons.

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D (Regulation Section 230.504). The Company qualified for Rule 504 because all offers and sales were made by the issuer, the Company was not subject to the reporting requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Company was not an investment company, and the Company was not a development stage company. Further, the Company was in compliance with the conditions as set forth in Regulation Section 230.504(b).

(B) SALES PURSUANT TO REGULATION S

The following sales were made by the Company within the past three (3) years in reliance upon an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, as contained within Regulation S promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

Title of Class	Number Shares	s Price P	er Share Consider	ration	Commission	Date of Sale
	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c> <c></c></c>	>	<c></c>	
Class A Preferred	1,500,000	0.10	\$50,000	\$ nil	Dec. 1994	
Common	100,000	2.00	200,000	nil	Oct. 1995	
Common	1,000	20.00	Services	nil		
Common	151,500	1.00	151,500	nil	August 1996	
Common	105,642	5.00	528,210	32,371	October 199) 6

</TABLE>

NOTES TO SALES PURSUANT TO REGULATION S

- All sales of securities are shown based upon subsequent reverse stock splits as approved by the shareholders (1 for 10 in October 14, 1994 and 1 for 20 in May 17, 1996).
- (2) All sales were made directly by the Company as issuer.
- (3) The class of persons to whom the Company sold the above-referenced securities were individuals or entities whom the Company had reason to believe were either accredited investors within the meaning of Regulation Section 230.501 or were investors having such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters that the purchaser could properly evaluate the risks and merits of the investment.
- (4) All sales as shown above were made to non-U.S. persons.

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- (5) The company specifically relied upon compliance with Regulation S as promulgated by the Securities and Exchanges Commission. The Company was in compliance with Category 3 of Rule 903 of Regulation S which provides an issuer safe harbor. Under this Category the Company complied with the two general conditions of Rule 903(a) and (b) and to transactional and offering restrictions by the execution of an investor Subscription Agreement, and the placing of the appropriate restrictive legend on the stock certificate(s).
- (6) The 1,000 common shares issued for services in March 1996, was for work done in connection with the development of a business plan and market research for said business plan. These shares were given to a non related party.

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DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

No material proceedings involve any directors, executive officers or persons nominated or person chose by the Corporation to become a director or executive officer of the Corporation which is adverse to the Corporation.

a) DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

<TABLE> <CAPTION> NAME, MUNICIPALITY LENGTH OF SERVICE OF RESIDENCE AGE $\langle S \rangle$ <C> $\langle C \rangle$ Appointed as President and Chairman Georges Benarroch 50 Toronto, Ontario, Canada of the Board of Directors, March 21, 1994 T. Jack Gary, III Appointed as Secretary, 56 West Palm Beach, Florida January 30, 1995 Appointed to Board of Directors, Ann Glover February 17, 1995 Toronto, Ontario, Canada </TABLE> 16 <TABLE> $\langle S \rangle$ <C> Jacques Meyer de Stadelhofen Appointed to Board of Directors, Geneva, Switzerland December 16, 1994 Karen Lynn Bolens 50 Appointed to Board of Directors, Geneva, Switzerland December 16, 1994 Selwyn Kletz 52 Vice-President Toronto, Ontario Canada Nominated to Board of Directors, April 1, 1997

GEORGES BENARROCH is the President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company. He is also the Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Credifinance Securities Limited, President, Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Credifinance Capital Inc. and Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Reeve, Mackay & Associates, Ltd. -- all wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company.

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Dr. Colin Bier

</TABLE>

Montreal, Quebec, Canada

Nominated to Board of Directors,

April 7, 1997

Since 1977, Mr. Benarroch has held the position of officer and partner/director with various investment firms and private/public companies in the United States, Canada and Europe. He has been a senior partner and/or seat holder of a member firm in Canada since 1982. His experience covers all types of corporate financings.

T. JACK GARY, III is the Secretary of the Company. He is also Branch Manager of the West Palm Beach, Florida, office of Raymond James & Associates, a national brokerage firm. From 1988 to 1992, Mr. Gary was the President of Crown Financial Advisors, Inc., an investment advisory firm, and Crown Capital Advisors, Inc., a registered investment advisor. From April, 1992 to 1995, Mr. Gary was Chief Executive Officer of Crown Financial and Executive Vice President of Crown Capital Advisors, Inc. Mr. Gary will devote approximately 10% of his time to his duties as Secretary at InterUnion.

ANN GLOVER serves as a Director of the Company. She is a Director, Secretary/Treasurer of Credifinance Securities Limited a subsidiary of the Company. Ms. Glover has been a Director, Secretary/Treasurer and Chief Compliance Officer of Credifinance Securities Limited since 1991. Ms. Glover will devote approximately 10% of her time to InterUnion as she is also a director and officer of Credifinance Securities Limited.

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JACQUES MEYER DE STADELHOFEN serves as a Director of the Company. Since 1981 through and including the present time, he has practised as an attorney, specializing in tax and financial matters for international corporations and charitable organizations. Mr. Stadelhofen's duties for InterUnion will be limited to his participation at Board Meetings.

specializing in corporate, estate and family law for international clients. Ms. Bolens' duties for InterUnion will be limited to her participation at Board Meetings.

SELWYN J. KLETZ has held the position of officer and partner/director with various investment firms and private/public companies in Canada and South Africa. His experience in the investment industry covers research, investment banking, merchant banking, corporate finance and investment management. Mr. Kletz will be devoting 100% of his time to InterUnion.

DR. COLIN BIER holds the position of consultant in Toxicoloy and Bioregulatory Affairs o ABA BioResearch Inc. Since 1988, Dr. Bier has held the position of officer and/or directorwith various laboratories and, since 1978, has been a lecturer at McGill and Concordia Universities. Dr. Bier serves on the Board of Directors of Recetpagen Ltd. inwhich InterUnion has a controlling interest. Dr. Bier's duties for InterUnion will be limited t his participation at Board Meetings.

- No director of InterUnion is currently a director of any other reporting company.
- (2) Under Section 1 ARTICLE III, of the Corporation's By-Laws, the directors shall serve until the next annual meeting of the stockholders, as prescribed by the Board of Directors, at which time directors are elected by the stockholders.
- (3) No director, executive officer and beneficial owner of more than ten percent (10%) of any class of equity securities of the Corporation failed to file on a timely basis reports required by section 16(a) of the Exchange Act during the most recent two fiscal years to the best of the Corporation's knowledge.

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(b) IDENTIFY SIGNIFICANT EMPLOYEES

The Corporation does not expect to receive a significant contribution from employees that are not executive officers.

(c) FAMILY RELATIONSHIPS

Currently, there are no directors, executive officers or persons nominated or person nominated by the Corporation to become a director or executive officer of the Corporation who are related to any individual who currently holds the position of director or executive officer or is nominated to one of the said positions.

(d) INVOLVEMENT IN CERTAIN LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

No material events have occurred in the last five years that would affect the evaluation of the ability or integrity of any director, person nominated to become a director, executive officer, promoter or control person of the Company.

(e) COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(a) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

For the two fiscal years ended March 31, 1997, to the best of the Corporation's knowledge no director, executive officer and beneficial owner of more than ten percent (10%) of any class of equity securities of the Company failed to file on a timely basis reports required by section 16(a) of the Exchange Act.

(f) SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS

The following are known by the Corporation to be the beneficial owner of more than five percent of any class of the said issue's voting securities.

19

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

Price Waterhouse Centre PO Box 634C St. Michael, Barbados, WI

Common

Selwyn Kletz 499 Riverside Drive Toronto, Ontario Canada 100,000 7.70%

1,500,000

Foronto, Ontario Canada

TOTAL 636,499 49.03%

Preferred A RIF Capital Inc.
Price Waterhouse Centre

100%

Price Waterhouse Centre PO Box 634C St. Michael, Barbados, WI

</TABLE>

(g) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the proposed acquisition of New Researches Corporation ("NRC"), the vendors are RIF Capital Inc. and Central Investment Trust. Both are related parties as RIF Capital Inc. controls the Company and Central Investment Trust owns all of the issued and outstanding common shares of RIF Capital Inc.

The terms of the acquisition is as follows:

- a. The Corporation shall pay to the Vendors or at their discretion, a non-refundable Option fee of US\$80,000 on or before December 15, 1996.
- b. The Option shall expire on December 15, 1997 ("Closing Date").
- The Corporation shall provide written notice of its intention to exercise the Option to the Vendors and NRC.
- d. The purchase price paid by InterUnion to the Vendors, upon exercise of the option shall be:

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- i) US\$2,000,000 payable on or before the Closing Date (4:00 p.m. Palm Beach time); and
- ii) Upon the sale of any of the common shares of Genesis, including any shares issued pursuant to the exercise of the common share purchase warrants of Genesis, including any shares issued pursuant to the exercise of the common share purchase warrants of Genesis, after the Closing Date, InterUnion shall pay to the Vendors eighty percent (80%) of the proceeds realized from such sales, in excess of C\$1.00 per share. This condition shall not expire except by mutual agreement of all parties to this Agreement.
- e. In the event that NRC receives a bona fide offer from a third party to purchase its common shares during the term of the Option and, if NRC should desire to accept said offer, NRC shall immediately forward a copy of the offer to the Corporation. The Corporation shall have a period of ten calendar days from the receipt of the offer to counter the offer or exercise the Option by giving notice, at its sole discretion, in accordance with term c. If the Corporation fails to match the offer from the third party and to declare the Option to be null and void.

COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORIES AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

(a) SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

1997

None

Vice-President

<table> <caption> Name & Principal</caption></table>	Fiscal		Other L	ong Term	All Other	
	ear Sa	lary B		U	Compensation	Compensation
<s> <</s>		;> <c< td=""><td>;> <c< td=""><td>> <c></c></td><td>· <c></c></td><td>·</td></c<></td></c<>	;> <c< td=""><td>> <c></c></td><td>· <c></c></td><td>·</td></c<>	> <c></c>	· <c></c>	·
Georges Benarroch	1996	None	None	\$50,000*	None	None
President & CEO	1997	None	None	None	None	None
Selwyn J. Kletz	1996	None	None	None	None	None

None

None

None

13.265

</TABLE>

*Georges Benarroch was paid \$50,000 as compensation for services subsequent to the end of the fiscal year ending March 31, 1996. No other officer was paid compensation. Mr. Benarroch was paid his compensation in the form of cash.

(b) ALL COMPENSATION COVERED

The Company's Board of Directors has approved payment of \$1,750 for the services of each of its independent directors for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1997.

The Corporation has no current options, warrants, SARs, long-term incentive plans, pension or profit-sharing plans, or other compensation plans, in effect regarding any employees of the Corporation

2.1

The Corporation has no agreement or understanding, express or implied, with any officer or director, or any other person regarding employment with the Company or compensation for services.

Section 14 of ARTICLE III of the By-Laws of the Company provides that directors do not receive any stated salary for their services as directors. However, by board resolution, a fixed fee and expenses of attendance may be allowed for each meeting. These limitations do not affect compensation for a person serving as an officer of otherwise for the Company and receiving compensation therefor.

22 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(a) OVERVIEW

InterUnion Financial Corporation (the "Company") was incorporated on February 7, 1994. The underlying operational strategy of the Company is to acquire a significant influence in operating companies primarily of a financial nature on the basis of an exchange of stock, with certain additional incentives (such as stock warrants) depending upon the particular company to be acquired, and to actively participate in the management of these companies. Accordingly, the Company has acquired the following operating subsidiary corporations as outlined below:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

CORPORATION ACQUIRED

NATURE OF THE COMPANY

DATE ACQUIRED

<s> <c< th=""><th>> <c></c></th><th></th></c<></s>	> <c></c>	
Bearhill Limited	Investment Management	1-18-95
Guardian Timing Services, Inc.	Investment Management	1-18-95
Credifinance Capital Inc.	Investment Company	3-20-95
Credifinance Securities Limited	Investment Bank	3-20-95
Rosedale Realty Corporation	Real Estate Sales	3-20-95
Reeve, Mackay & Associates Lt	td. Auction Sales	5-15-95

</TABLE>

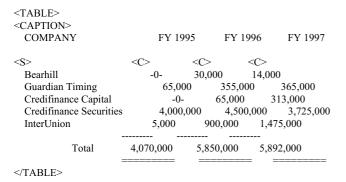
Note: All of the above-listed subsidiaries are active, with the exception of Rosedale Realty Corporation which was disposed of by the Company pursuant to an assignment in bankruptcy in 1996. In addition, the Company is actively pursuing the sale of Reeve, Mackay & Associates Ltd

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Because of the nature of the Company as a holding company, it was to be expected that no revenues would be realized initially after the date the Company commenced business operations. All funding to the Company from its inception to the date of its first subsidiary acquisition was derived from a series of private (non-registered) sales of stock under Regulation D as promulgated by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Company commenced its revenues stream with its first acquisitions on January 18, 1995. The following table shows the gross revenue from its subsidiaries prior to consolidation and elimination for the completed years of 1995, 1996 and

1997. The table also includes gross revenues generated by InterUnion, itself. The table does not include revenue from Rosedale Realty Corporation due to its termination in 1996 or Reeve, Mackay & Associates as the Company plans to divest itself of this entity.



Bearhill Limited is an investment management firm. However, the primary asset of Bearhill remains its ownership of a computer software program, ITM Software. If the Bank exercises an option to purchase the ITM Software this could produce major revenue for the Company. If the option is not exercised, Bearhill will not be adversely affected nor will the Company.

Guardian Timing Services Inc. is an investment management firm. The increase in revenues from \$63,240 in fiscal 1995 to \$355,904 in fiscal 1996 is due primarily to the fact that income from Guardian is included in fiscal 1995 was for only 3 months. In addition, assets under management for Guardian have risen from C\$20 million in fiscal 1995 to C\$80 million in fiscal 1996 and maintained that level in fiscal 1997 which explains the low growth in fiscal 1997.

Credifinance Capital Inc. primarily invests its own capital resources. There is no reason to expect any consequential change in attained and projected revenues.

Credifinance Securities Limited is an investment bank. The revenues for fiscal year 1997 were 17.2% lower than attained revenues in fiscal 1996. The decrease is primarily attributable to the refocusing of its activities from agency trading to corporate finance. Management expects revenues to return to the \$4 - 5 million level by the end of fiscal 1998.

InterUnion Financial Corporation's increase in revenue from \$900,000 in fiscal 1996 to

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\$1,475,000 is due to a stronger than expected return on its marketable securities. As of March 31, 1997, this revenue had not been realized. InterUnion derives its own revenues primarily from bridge financing and special situations and some limited investment in marketable securities.

Although the Company did secure certain bridge financing in the first half of fiscal 1997, in the latter portion of the fiscal year it became heavily involved in financial negotiations with two corporations:

 New Researches Corporation, a Geneva based company whose primary asset is ownership of approximately 3.2 million shares and 200,000 warrants of Genesis Microchip, Inc., a Canadian corporation.

In early 1990, a decision was made to re-structure Genesis as a "fabless" semiconductor company emphasizing engineering intensive and video/image DSP oriented integrated circuits (ICs). At the same time, the ASIC design business continued to grow. Genesis began investing heavily in research and development in order to bring to market a number of ICs aimed at providing new capabilities to the emerging multimedia/video networking/video editing/projection system/high end display markets as well as the existing video/image markets in the medical, industrial, broadcast, compression and commercial image processing fields.

Genesis is positioned to become an important supplier of leading edge video/image resizing, de-interlacing and related video DSP ICs. With the introduction of its GENESIS SCALING and GENESIS VIDEO LINE DOUBLING series of ICs, board-level reference design and software solutions, Genesis has entered the next state of its corporate development as a volume IC supplier, with almost all of its revenues coming from the sale of IC product.

Audited financial statements of Genesis, dated May 31, 1996, show that Genesis had revenue in FY 1995 of CDN \$388,000 and revenue in FY 1996 of

CDN \$1,892,000. Genesis anticipates that it will file a public registration within the next 12 months.

After extensive negotiation, InterUnion entered into a Letter of Understanding with New Researches Corporation et al. as of September 26, 1996 which granted to InterUnion an irrevocable option to acquire 3,216,667 common shares and 200,000 common share purchase warrants of Genesis Microchip, Inc. The terms of this option may be summarized as follows:

 a. InterUnion paid \$80,000 (US) to the Vendors, as defined in The Letter of Understanding for the option rights.

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- b. The option has an expiration date of December 15, 1997
- c. If the option is exercised, InterUnion shall pay to the Vendors the sum of \$2 million (US) and upon sales of the Genesis stock, InterUnion is to pay to the Vendors 80% of the proceeds of such sales in excess of CDN \$1.00 per share.
- d. If the Vendors receive a bona fide offer from a third party to purchase the New Researches shares, InterUnion shall then have the right to counter the offer or exercise its option.
- 2. Receptagen Ltd. Is a Canadian public corporation involved in biotechnology (drug discovery and development) and the sales of its products. InterUnion has entered into an agreement (subject to the approval by creditors of Receptagen) to provide a secured bridge loan to that company exchangeable into a convertible debenture. Also, the Company will give trade creditors of that company its common stock in exchange for their debt and then plan to convert the debt into shares of Receptagen. Creditors approval was received in April 1997.

An agreement between InterUnion and Receptagen was executed as a Letter of Agreement on January 7, 1997. This agreement was subsequently modified to reflect the creditors approval and may be summarized as follows:

- a. The recapitalization of Receptagen will be done in three stages.
- b. The first stage involves a bridge loan from InterUnion of CDN \$400,000 to maintain the Company's operations until the proceeds from the proposed Special Warrants Offering are released to the Company. CDN \$100,000 is available to the Company as of February 7, 1997. The bridge loan is secured by a security agreement, granting security in patents and patent rights, and is convertible into units at CDN \$0.105 per unit for a period of five years. Each unit consists of common shares and common share purchase warrants of Receptagen Ltd. pursuant to a secured convertible debenture.
- c. In stage two, the trade creditors will exchange their debt of approximately CDN \$9 million for shares of stock of InterUnion. The creditors will received CDN \$0.20 per CDN \$1.00 in InterUnion shares, amounting to approximately 260,000 shares and 213,000 share purchase warrants with an exercise price of USD \$4.00. InterUnion will then receive units of Receptagen at CDN \$0.07 per unit, the amount of which depends upon the settlement amount with the creditors. Each unit consists of one common share and one non-transferable common share purchase warrant with an exercise price of CDN \$0.14.

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d. The third stage involves an agreement between Receptagen Ltd. and Credifinance Securities Limited, a Canadian investment dealer based in Toronto with seats on both The Montreal and Toronto Stock Exchanges, and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Credifinance Capital Inc., for a \$2,500,000 Special Warrants Offering priced at CDN \$0.116 per Special Warrant. Receptagen was successful in raising the funds as the subscription was closed on May 23, 1997.

In the event that InterUnion should decide to exercise its option to purchase the stock of New Researches Corporation, it will obtain the necessary cash by a private placement offering of its stock under Rule 506. However, if Central Investment Trust, acting for RIF Capital, is agreeable, this acquisition may be achieved by the issuance of a promissory note to the vendor and the issuance of InterUnion stock.

There is no assurance that the Company will find acceptable companies for bridge

financing in the future and there is no method of forecasting this probability except on a historical basis.

Cost of Revenues

The principal elements comprising costs of revenues are: commissions paid out and salaries paid to research analysts. In general, non-administrative personnel within InterUnion are remunerated solely on performance, as this permits the Company to keep overhead to a minimum and to maintain a high correlation between its revenues and its personnel costs, as InterUnion and its subsidiaries are extremely labor intensive. The only exception to this remuneration policy was Reeve, Mackay, where the salaries are fixed but the marketing and research expense can fluctuate with the size of the auction. Therefore, commissions paid out and marketing expenditures are the most important expense and generally rise and fall along with revenues of the Company.

Across all of the Company's subsidiaries, the contribution margin (contribution margin is defined as Revenues less variable expenses) was 43.0% in fiscal 1997 versus 36.1% in 1996 versus 33.4% in 1995. The increase in margin is primarily due to a shift in Credifinance revenue from secondary market agency to primary market revenue from corporate finance and underwriting activities. The Company expects to maintain these margins due to the growth in revenues summarized above and the stability of its commission payout structure.

Interest Income Net of Interest Expense

The Company's only debt that causes a revenue or an expense arises from its broker/dealer operation and from funds borrowed on a short term basis for its trading activity. This amount is not expected to be significant with respect to revenues on a yearly or quarterly basis.

2.7

Discontinued Operations

The Company acquired Rosedale Realty Corporation in March 1995. Rosedale recorded operating losses of \$94,253 in 1996. As a result of continuing losses and further analysis, Management felt that the prospect of future profit was not sufficient for Rosedale to be retained as a subsidiary. Therefore, fiscal 1996 will be the last year in which the income statement will carry any item regarding Rosedale, as the Company disposed of it.

In May 1995, Reeve, Mackay and Associates Ltd. was created to act as the Company's auction subsidiary. Reeve, Mackay recorded operating losses of \$390,829 and \$452,291 in 1997 and 1996 respectively. Due to the competitive nature of the auction industry and the difference in the compensation philosophy of the Company, management has decided to divest itself of its investment in Reeve, Mackay. The Company expects to complete this process within the first half of fiscal 1998.

Exposure to International Operations

Although all of the Company's revenues are generated from North America, 26% was derived from the United States in 1997 and less then 15% in 1996; the balance is primarily earned in Canada. Therefore, a small foreign exchange risk does exist. Due to the size of the risk and that each company within the InterUnion Group operates independently of each other, the Company does not purchase any derivative products to offset this risk. In addition, the Company considers North America as its domestic market.

Seasonal

InterUnion Financial Corporation and its subsidiaries do not operate in any business which is affected by changes in season.

(b) RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Fiscal 1997 marks a number of firsts for the Company.

- The first year as a reporting company, as our Form 10-SB cleared the SEC:
- The first year that the Company reports solely under US GAAP; and
- The first year that the Company is reporting profit from continuing operations.

Financial highlights are as follows:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

1997 1996 1995 <\$> <C> <C> $\langle C \rangle$ 5,857,157 4,028,068 Revenues 5,712,183 (75,378) Income from continuing operations 160,676 (179,468)(390,829)(429,248)(184,845)Discontinued Operations Net Loss (230,153)(504,626)(364,313)38,820,507 Assets 9.364.007 40.404.190 Shareholders' Equity 3,639,337 2,983,475 3.033.848 Working Capital 1,750,889 928,268 775,965 Book Value per Share 3.75 4.38 8.08

Common Shares Outstanding 969,714 692,558 369,058

</TABLE>

Fiscal Year 1997 Compared to Fiscal Year 1996

(1) Overview

In fiscal 1997, revenues decreased by \$144,974 (or 2.5%) over fiscal year 1996. For the year, costs of revenues as a percentage of sales decreased to 67.1% from 71.8% a year earlier. Fixed overhead and non cash expenses also decreased by 61,082 or 4.2%. These three factors contributed to the Company realizing income from continuing operations of \$160,676 versus a loss of \$75,378 a year earlier. The Company reported a net loss of \$230,153 in 1997 versus a net loss of \$504,626 due to the losses the Company recorded in relation to Rosedale Realty Corporation and Reeve, Mackay & Associates as discontinued operations. Excluding these discontinued operations, the Company's earnings per share from continuing operations was \$0.18 versus a loss of \$0.15 a year earlier.

(2) Revenues

Revenues decreased by \$144,974 (or 2.5%) over fiscal year 1996 (from \$5,857,196 to \$5,712,183). The majority of the decrease came from the activities of Credifinance Securities Limited, the Company's main operating subsidiary, as its revenue decreased almost \$800,000 or 17.8% (from \$4,532,482 to \$3,727,292). The reason why Credifinance Securities's revenues decreased was due to the firm restructuring its efforts from agency activities to corporate finance activities. This decrease was offset by an increase in InterUnion's revenues of almost \$0.6 million or 62.1% (from \$911,094 to \$1,477,062).

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(3) Cost of Revenues

Costs of revenues (Selling, General and Administrative expenditures) for the year decreased by \$515,520 or 9.0% to \$5,214,477 from \$5,729,997. This decrease is due to the fact that the Company's revenues are generated more from underwritings then from buy and sell orders, where it retains a greater percentage, as variable costs decreased to 57.2% of revenues from 63.9% a year earlier. In addition cost cutting of fixed overhead contributed a savings of approximately \$125,000. The Company was able to cut personnel due to the change in target market.

(4) Income from Continuing Operations

Income from continuing operations net of the provision for income taxes, increased to \$160,676, or \$0.18 per share, from a loss of \$75,378, or \$0.15 per share, a year earlier. As discussed above the increase in profitability has been attained by the combination of two things. The Company is deriving its revenues from sources where the commissions to be paid out are less (underwriting versus agency) and the cost saving discussed above. The average number of common shares outstanding for the year ending March 31, 1997 is 907,097 versus 501,335 a year earlier. These figures do not include losses of \$390,829 and \$429,248 in 1997 and 1996 respectively due to the discontinued operations of Reeve, Mackay & Associates Ltd. and Rosedale Realty Corporation.

Fiscal Year 1996 Compared to Fiscal Year 1995

(1) Overview

In fiscal 1996 revenues increased by over \$1.8 million(or 45.4%) over fiscal year 1995. For the year, costs of revenues as a percentage of sales decreased to 63.9% from 66.6%. Fixed overhead and non cash expenses increased \$128,334 or 9.7% to \$1,452,313 from \$1,323,979. The loss from continuing operations decreased to \$75,378 from \$179,468. The Company overall reported a Net Loss of \$504,626 in 1996 versus a loss of \$364,313 after discontinued operations. Excluding these discontinued operations, the Company's loss per share from continuing operations was \$0.15 versus \$1.14 a year earlier.

(2) Revenues

Revenues increased by over \$1.8 million (or 45.4%) over fiscal year 1995 (from \$4,028,067 to \$5,857,196). The majority of the increase came from the activities of InterUnion itself, as it had almost \$1 million in revenues on its own in 1996 versus only interest income of \$5,270 a year earlier. In addition, Guardian Timing's contribution to the Company increased to \$355,904 from \$63,240. Without these two revenue sources, InterUnion's growth in revenue would have been just 13.2%.

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(3) Cost of Revenues

Costs of revenues (Selling, General and Administrative expenditures) for the year increased by \$1,538,042 or 36.7% to \$5,729,997 from \$4,191,955. This increase is due to additional commissions to be paid out due to increased revenues and the fact that the Company hired additional staff in anticipation of the increasing business that the bull market was providing. The hiring was done in advance of the business in order to be prepared for the higher volume.

(4) Loss from Continuing Operations

Loss from continuing operations net of provision for income taxes for the year was \$75,378 or \$0.15 per share versus \$179,468 or \$1.14 per share a year earlier. The average number of common shares outstanding for the year ending March 31, 1996 is 501,335 versus 157,531a year earlier. These figures do not include losses of \$429,248 and \$184,845 in 1996 and 1995 respectively due to the discontinued operations of Reeve, Mackay & Associates Ltd. and Rosedale Realty Corporation.

(c) LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company does not have any long term debt. In order to meet its growth plans and any operating cash requirements the Company's current policy is to issue additional capital stock. To date the Company has done this either through the issuance of Confidential Private Placement Offerings under Regulation "D" or Regulation "S". The following are details of these private placements:

# OF SHAR	ES AMO	UNT TYPE
<c></c>	<c> <</c>	C>
2,500	\$ 10,000	Regulation "D"
5,000	20,000	Regulation "D"
11,250	35,000	Regulation "D"
43,511	87,022	Regulation "D"
5,000	50,000	Regulation "D"
75,000	300,000	Regulation "D"
62,500	125,000	Regulation "D"
100,000	200,000	Regulation "D" & "S"
160,000	320,000	Regulation "D"
5 277,142	2 759,71	0 Regulation "S"
		C> C> 2,500 \$ 10,000 5,000 20,000 11,250 35,000 43,511 87,022 5,000 50,000 75,000 300,000 62,500 125,000 100,000 200,000 160,000 320,000

</TABLE>

Currently all operating units with the exception of Reeve, Mackay are contributing positive cash flows. Therefore, the Company does not anticipate the need to raise further funds unless required to conclude an acquisition. Previous cash requirements were needed to fund the operations of Reeve. Mackay & Associates Ltd and Rosedale Realty Corporation. As stated earlier, the Company has started to search for a purchaser of Reeve, Mackay and the Company has already divested itself of Rosedale.

Concluding Remarks

There are no other known trends, events or uncertainties that may have, or are reasonably likely to have, a material impact on the Company's short-term or long-term liquidity.

In addition, there is no significant income or losses that have risen from the Company's continuing operations that has not been analyzed or discussed above. Nor has there been any material change in any line item that is presented on the financial statements which has also not been discussed above.

Certain statements constitute "forward looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigations Reform Act of 1995. Such forward looking statements involve risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance and achievements of the Corporation to be materially different from future results, performance or achievement expressed or implied by such forward looking statements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The audited consolidated financial statements for InterUnion Financial Corporation, covering fiscal years ended March 31, 1997 and 1996 are submitted in compliance with the requirements of Item 310 of Regulation S-B.

32 INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 1997

INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION

MARCH 31, 1997

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Consolidated Financial Statements:

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Consolidated Statement of Operations F-6

Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity F-7

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows F-8

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements F-9 To F-18

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</TABLE>

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Directors and Shareholders, InterUnion Financial Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of InterUnion Financial Corporation as of March 31, 1997 and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of InterUnion Financial Corporation as of March 31, 1997 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

/s/ GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER & COMPANY, P.C.

May 14, 1997

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Directors and Shareholders, InterUnion Financial Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statement of operations, shareholders' equity and cash flows of InterUnion Financial Corporation and subsidiaries for the year ended March 31, 1996. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the results of operations and its cash flows of InterUnion Financial Corporation for the year ended March 31, 1996 in

/s/ Mintz Partners

Toronto, Ontario May 14, 1997

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INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

MARCH 31,	1997 	
<table> <caption></caption></table>		
ASSETS		
<\$>	<c></c>	
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash (Note 2(b)) Due from brokers and dealers (Note 2(c)) Due from clients (Note 2(c)) Marketable securities (Notes 2(b) and 3) Accounts receivable Income tax receivable Prepaid expenses and other current assets	226,663 22,197	,457,965 3
Total current assets	36,342,097	
OTHER ASSETS		
Property & equipment, net (Note 2(d) and 4) Long-term investments (Note 2(e)) Goodwill, net of accumulated amortization of Deferred income tax asset, net of valuation all of \$60,000 (Note 10) Assets related to discontinued operations (No	\$43,816 (Note 2(f)) lowance	1,609,905 56,945) 394,332
	2,478,410	
Total Assets	\$38,820,507 =====	

 | || | | |
SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
<table> <caption> MARCH 31, 1997</caption></table>
LIABILITIES
CURRENT LIABILITIES <s></s>
Total current liabilities 34,591,208
LIABILITIES RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Note 9(b)) DEFERRED INCOME TAX LIABILITY (Note 10)
Total liabilities 35,181,170
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 7)
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
CAPITAL STOCK AND ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL (Note 5) 5,206,815 ACCUMULATED DEFICIT (1,567,478)
Total shareholders' equity 3,639,337
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity \$ 38,820,507

| |
| SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS F-5 |
| INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS |
| |
| ~~REVENUES~~ |
| Commissions, trading and investment income \$ 4,843,951 \$ 4,500,899 Fee revenue 868,232 1,356,297 |
EXPENSES

Selling, General and Administrative 5,214,477 5,729,997
Loss (Gain) on foreign exchange 31,067 (33,057)
Interest income (net of interest expense of 2,631 and 30,272, respectively) (23,034) (37,337)

5,712,183 5,857,157

Depreciation and Amortization		240,9	912	244,7	39	
	5,463,422	5,90	04,341 			
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUIT BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOM		IONS		248,70	51	(47,146)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES				3,085	28,23	32
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUIT	NG OPERAT	IONS			160,676	(75,378)
LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPER GAIN ON DISPOSITION OF SUBSIE))	(390,82	29) (546,544) 117,296
NET LOSS	(230	,153)	(50	04,626)		
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER COMMON	SHARE (Not	e 2(h))				
Continuing operations	\$	0.18				
Discontinued operations				(0.86)		
Net loss	\$ (0.25)					
Weighted average common shares or	utstanding		907		501,33	35

SEE NOTES TO CONSOLID | | | | S | |

INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

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<TABLE> <CAPTION>

FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 1997 AND 1996

<\$>	Number of	Amou	A Paid nt	C F ddition I-in Cap	umu oreig al Trai ital	lative gn Cı anslat A	urrenc tion djustr	y ment			
Preferred Shares Balance, March 31, 1996										\$	150,000
Common Shares Balance, March 31, 1995 Issued during the year net of issue costs		ŕ									,656,976 00
Balance, March 31, 1996 Adjustment, reverse split Issued during the year		692,558 14		693		4,211	,283		 	. 4	,211,976
net of issue costs Compensation related to stock options (Note 6)				1	17,5	00	-	-	1	17,500	
Balance, March 31, 1997											,056,815
•		9,714									6,815

Balance, March 31, 1995 Net Loss for fiscal 1996					(823,502) (504,626)	
Balance, March 31, 1996 Foreign currency translation					(1,328,128)	
adjustment (Note 2(g)) Net loss for fiscal 1997	 		 	(9,197) 	(9,197) (230,153)	
Balance, March 31, 1997				 	(1,567,478)	
Total Shareholders' Equity	2,469,714	\$ 150),970 \$	5,055,845	\$ (9,197)	\$(3,639,337) ===

 | | | | | || | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS F-7

INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH	FLOWS
<table> <caption> FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31</caption></table>	1997 1996
<s> <c> CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net loss</c></s>	<c> (504,626)</c>
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash	240,912 244,739 117,500 85,000
Gain on disposition of subsidiary	(117,296)
213,259	(377,182)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	21.515.227 (20.662.007)
Increase (decrease) in due to/from brokers and dealers, ne Decrease (increase) in due to/from client, net	et 31,515,327 (28,663,907) (5,588,450) 15,720,553
Increase (decrease) in marketable securities	(5,588,459) 15,720,553 (26,882,380) 13,056,486
Increase in accounts receivable and other assets Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(184.970) (136.916)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(56,560) 30,571
Increase in assets and liabilites related to	
discontinued operations (Note 9)	129,296 31,629
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(854,487) (338,767)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Net proceeds on issuance of capital stock	727,339 555,000
Proceeds (Repayment) of loans payable	727,339 555,000 (119,462) 18,589
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	607,877 573,589
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Purchases of long-term investments Purchase of property and equipment	(66,945) (13,472) (10,866) (37,872)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(324,421) 183,478
CASH - Beginning of Year	674,159 490,681

\$ 349,738 \$ 674,159

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash paid during the period for interest \$
Cash paid during the period for income taxes

\$ 2,631 \$ 30,272 15,160 15,406

</TABLE>

SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 1997

1. BASIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

During the year, InterUnion Financial Corporation ("the Company") decided to report solely as per U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. In prior years, the Company reported in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

2. BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company was formed to acquire a majority interest in financial companies located in the United States and Canada, as well, to provide bridge financing and special situation investments. Currently, the Company's operating interests are a broker/dealer and investment management firm.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles used in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of financial statements and the reported amounts of operating revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

a) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of the Company, a Delaware Corporation, contains the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of InterUnion Financial Corporation and its subsidiaries, Bearhill Limited, Credifinance Capital Inc., Credifinance Securities Limited, Guardian Timing Services Inc. and I & B Inc. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

b) Cash and Marketable Securities

The Company maintains its cash and investments in financial institutions which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits in the United States and Canada. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

Marketable securities carried on a short-term basis are classified as either "trading" or "available for sale" (Note 3). Marketable securities being held as long-term investments are classified as "held-to-maturity" (Note 3) and are carried at cost. All gains and losses are calculated using the average cost basis.

c) Security Transactions

Security transactions are recorded in accordance with industry practice in the accounts on trade date. Commission income and related expenses for transactions executed but not yet settled are accrued as of the financial statement date.

In accordance with Canadian industry practice, the balances due from and to brokers, dealers and clients may include the trading balances of clients at the end of the reporting period and may not be an indication of the investment activity of the Company. These balances may fluctuate significantly.

/Continued...

INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 1997

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

d) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. It is the company's policy to provide depreciation using straight line and accelerated methods over the estimated useful lives of the property and equipment.

e) Long-Term Investments

Long-term investments, in non-marketable securities where a controlling interest or significant influence is not exercised, are recorded at cost.

Stock exchange seats are recorded at cost and are included in long-term investments. Declines in market value are only recorded when there is an indication of permanent decline in value.

f) Goodwill

In accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, goodwill is being amortized over a period of 20 years on a straight line basis. At each balance sheet date, the Company evaluates the period of amortization of intangible assets. The factors used in evaluating the period of amortization include: (i) current operating results, (ii) projected operating results, and (iii) any other material factors that effect the continuity of the business.

g) Translation of Foreign Currencies

In accordance with SFAS 52, "Foreign Currency Translation", the financial statements of certain subsidiaries of the Company are measured using local currency as the functional currency. Assets and liabilities have been translated at current exchange rates and related revenue and expenses have been translated at average monthly exchange rates. The aggregate effect of translation gains and losses has been deferred and is relocated as a separate component of shareholders' equity until there is a sale or liquidation of the underlying foreign investment.

/Continued...

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INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 1997

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

h) Earnings Per Share

Earnings per common share and common share equivalent share are calculated by dividing the net income available to holders of common stock by the weighted average number of common shares and common equivalent shares outstanding.

The number of common shares outstanding is increased by the number of shares issuable on the exercise of options or warrants when the market price of the common stock exceeds the exercise price of the warrant or option and the effect would not be antidilutive. This increase in the number of common shares is reduced by the number of common shares that are assumed to have been purchased with the proceeds from the exercise of the warrants or options at the average market price during the period.

In February 1997, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 128, "Earnings Per Share". SFAS No. 128 requires dual presentation of basic

earnings per share ("EPS") and diluted EPS on the face of all statements of earnings issued for periods ending after December 15, 1997, for all entities with complex capital structures. Basic EPS is computed by dividing the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur from common shares issuable through the exercise or conversion of stock options, restricted stock awards, warrants and convertible securities. The Company does not anticipate that the adoption of SFAS No. 128 will have a material effect on EPS.

i) Stock Based Compensation

The Company accounts for employee stock options in accordance with APB No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees". Under APB No. 25, the Company applies the intrinsic value method of accounting.

SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation", prescribes the recognition of compensation expense based on fair value of options determined on the grant date. However, SFAS No. 123 allows companies currently applying APB No. 25 to continue applying the intrinsic value method under APB. No. 25. For companies that continue applying the intrinsic value method, SFAS No. 123 mandates certain pro forma disclosures as if the fair value method had been utilised. (Note 6)

/Continued...

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INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 1997

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3. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

<TABLE> <CAPTION> As of March 31, 1997 ORIGINAL CARRYING MARKET COST VALUE VALUE <C> \$29,006,131 \$29,457,965 Trading securities \$29,457,965 Available for Sale Held to maturity \$29,457,965 \$29,457,965 Total \$29 006 131 </TABLE> <TABLE> <CAPTION> 1996 For the year ending March 31, 1997 <S> <C> Proceeds from Securities classified as Available for sale 2,500,000 16,032,500 Gross Realized Gains (Losses) from securities classified as Available for sale 335 67,585 Gross Realized Gains (Losses) due to change in classification to Trading from Available for sale Change in Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) On Available for Sale Securities Change in Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Trading 529,854 Securities included in Revenues </TABLE>

4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

 $\langle S \rangle$

ITM Computer software

(Notes 2(d) and 8) 1,924,443 384,888 1,539,555 Furniture, fixtures and equipment 69,786 35,644 34,14

Leasehold improvements		1,735	1,735	
	\$2,100,010	\$ 490,105	\$1,609,90	5

 | | | || In applying SFAS 121 "Ac Assets and for Long-Lived Asse | | | | |
Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be disposed of", the Company periodically evaluates its property and equipment for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. As of the date of these financial statements no reduction in the carrying value of any asset was required.

/Continued...

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INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 1997

5. CAPITAL STOCK AND ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL

On May 17, 1996, shareholders' approved a twenty (20) to one (1) reverse stock split. All references to number of shares and exercise prices have been adjusted accordingly.

<TABLE> <CAPTION> Authorized

<\$> <C>

1,500,000 Non-cumulative, non-participating, (\$0.10 par value) Class A Preference shares entitled to 100 votes for every one share issued

50,000,000 Non-cumulative, non-participating, non-voting Class B preference shares with a par value to be determined at the date of first issuance

50,000,000 Non-cumulative, non-participating, non-voting, convertible into common shares at a conversion rate to be determined at the date of first issuance

100,000,000 Common shares (\$0.001 par value)

</TABLE>

The changes to capital stock and additional paid-in capital are summarized as follows:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 1997 YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 1996

AMOUNTS SHARES AMOUNTS SHARES <C> <C> <C> <C> <C> <C> $\langle S \rangle$ For cash 277,142 \$ 759,710 322,500 \$ 645,000 1,000 20,000 For services For services
Adjustment for reverse split 14 (32,371)Issuing costs (110,000)277,156 \$ 727,339 323,500 \$ 555,000 Total

</TABLE>

During July 1996, the Company issued 277,142 shares for gross proceeds of \$759,142. Of these shares, 105,642 had warrants attached to them. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase 1 additional common share at \$6.00 within one year. A value of \$78,175 was assigned to the warrants.

6. OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

employees. Accordingly, the intrinsic value of the option as of the grant date has been recognized as compensation. Had the compensation cost for the Company's stock option plan been recognized based upon the fair value on the grant date under the methodology prescribed by SFAS No. 123, the Company's income from continuing operations and earnings per share for the year ended March 31, 1997 would have been impacted as indicated in the following table. The proforma results below reflect only the impact of the options granted. No options were granted during the year ended March 31, 1996.

<TABLE> <CAPTION> 1997 PRO FORMA REPORTED <S> <C> <C> Income (loss) from continuing operations 160,676 (50,888)(230,153)Net loss (441,718)EPS from continuing operations 0.18 (0.05)(0.25)**EPS** </TABLE> /CONTINUED...

INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 1997

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6. OPTIONS AND WARRANTS - continued

The fair value of the options granted, which is charged to operations over the option vesting period in determining the proforma impact, is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

Expected life of the option
Risk free interest rate
Expected volatility
Expected dividend yield

2 years
5.2%
50%
60%

Presented below is a summary of stock option plan activity for the periods shown:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

WT. AVG. WT. AVG. OPTIONS EXERCISE EXERCISE NUMBER PRICE EXERCISABLE <C> $\langle S \rangle$ <C> <C> 40,250 Balance, April 1, 1995 \$ 40.00 42,250 \$ 40.00 40,250 40.00 42,250 Cancelled Balance, April 1, 1996 190,000 4.00 190,000 4.00 Balance, March 31, 1997 190 000 \$ 4.00 190 000

</TABLE>

The following table summarizes information for options and warrants currently outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 1997

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

OF OPTIONS

OUTSTANDING EXERCISABLE WT AVG WT. AVG. WT. AVG. REMAINING REMAINING EXERCISE PRICE NUMBER LIFE EXERCISE PRICE NUMBER PRICE $\langle S \rangle$ <C> <C> <C> <C> <C> \$4.00 190,000 2 \$4.00 190,000 \$4.00 NUMBER EXERCISE EXPIRE

DATE

PRICE

December 1998	\$4.00	100,000
February 1999	\$4.00	90,000

</TABLE>

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company leases warehouse and office space under a number of leases expiring at various dates through to January 2002. The Company also has a number of commitments with regards to information suppliers that expire at various dates through to January 1998. The total minimum annual rentals, exclusive of additional operating costs, under the leases for the company's premises and information systems in each of the next five fiscal years are approximately:

1998	161,000
1999	74,000
2000	74,000
2001	63,000
2002	53,000

Payments under the above mentioned leases that have been charged to operations for the periods ending March 31, 1997 and 1996 amount to \$414,539 and \$388,234, respectively.

/CONTINUED...

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INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 1997

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - continued

The Company is a defendant is several unrelated lawsuits arising out of the ordinary course of business. Management believes these actions are without merit and intends to defend them vigorously. An estimate of the Company's liability, if any, associated with these matters cannot be made at this time.

8. SALES COMMITMENT

The company entered into an option agreement in fiscal 1996 with a major international financial institution whereby software ("ITM Software") owned by its subsidiary, Bearhill Limited ("Bearhill") may be sold for proceeds to the Company of approximately \$15,000,000 CDN (March 31, 1997 - \$11,000,000 USD). The company's interest in this software is through its interest in Bearhill and is carried at \$1,539,555 which is included in property and equipment (Note 4).

During the life of the non-transferable option, Bearhill will receive an option fee from the option holder annually in order to maintain the option. The decision to exercise this option is at the full and unlimited discretion of the option holder. Subsequent to year end, on April 16, 1997, the agreement had been modified solely with regards to the option premium that is to be paid. It was agreed that the annual option fee would be paid at the beginning of the corresponding periods as follows:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	CDN	USD	
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	
For the year beginning April 23,	, 1996	\$25,000	\$18,060
For the year beginning April 23,	, 1997	25,000	18,060
For the year beginning April 23,	, 1998	50,000	36,120
For the year beginning April 23,	, 1999	50,000	36,120

</TABLE>

9. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

(a) During fiscal 1996, the Company disposed, by way of an assignment in bankruptcy, its real estate subsidiary, Rosedale Realty Corporation.

The Company reported an extra ordinary gain upon disposition. The gain is the result of the excess of the forgiveness of the debt exceeded the carrying

cost of the investment in and advances to Rosedale Realty Corporation.

(b) During fiscal 1997, the Company decided to dispose of its auction subsidiary, Reeve, Mackay & Associates Ltd. A formal plan has been adopted and the Company has entered into a discussion with regards to the sale of the Company's auction business which is carried out by Reeve, Mackay & Associates Ltd. As per APB No. 30, the Company has recorded the operating losses as a separate item on the Consolidated Statement of Operations. No loss has been accrued at March 31, 1997 as the Company does not expect to incur a loss upon disposition.

Reeve, Mackay has been named as a defendant in a lawsuit. Reeve, Mackay's potential liability ranges from \$5,000 to \$175,000. Management believes, however, that the ultimate outcome of this lawsuit will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

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INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 1997

10. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes consists of:

Year Ended March 31,		1997	1996
Domestic			
Current	\$	\$	
Deferred	85,00	0	
Foreign			
Current	3,085	28,232	
Deferred			
-			
Total provision for income	taxes	\$88,085	\$28,232

The total provision for income taxes differs from that amount which would be computed by applying the United States federal income tax rate to income (loss) before provision for income taxes. The reason for these differences are as follows:

<TABLE> <CAPTION> Year Ended March 31, 1997 1996 AMOUNT AMOUNT <C> $\langle S \rangle$ <C> <C> <C> Statutory income tax rate (recovery) \$84,500 34 \$(16,000) Other non-deductible items 10,500 31,500 (67)Other 6,915 (3) 12.732 (27)

\$88,085

35

\$ 28,232

(60)

</TABLE>

The Company recognizes deferred tax liabilities and assets for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities and net operating loss carryforwards. Temporary differences and carryforwards which give rise to deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows at March 31, 1997:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

-C11	1 11011				
	CO	COMPONENT		TAX EFFECT	
				-	
<s></s>	<	<c></c>	<c< td=""><td>></td><td></td></c<>	>	
	Net operating losses - foreign		\$ 150,00	0	60,000
	Less valuation allowance		(150,000))	(60,000)
	Not defermed agent	dr.			

Net taxes (recovery) and effective rate

\$ 90,000 15,000 Net operating losses - domestic Unrealized gains - domestic (100,000)(550,000)Net deferred liability \$(460,000) (85,000)

</TABLE>

At March 31, 1997, the Company had cumulative net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$90,000 and \$150,000 in the United States and Canada, respectively. These amounts will expire in various years through 2012. In addition, the Company had net capital loss carryforwards available to offset future capital gains of approximately \$550,000.

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INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 1997

11. GEOGRAPHICAL AREA SEGMENTATION

The following tables summaries the revenues, operating profits (losses) from continuing operations and identifiable assets by geographical area.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

<S>

ADJUSTMENTS

UNITED & OTHER ELIMINATION CONSOLIDATED CANADA STATES <C> <C> <C>

For the year ended and as of March 31, 1997

Revenue from

\$ 4,220,784 \$ 1,477,062 \$14,337 \$ -unaffiliated customers

Revenue from

intersegments 292,567 (292,567)

Total revenue 4.513.351 1.477.062 14.337 5,712,183

Depreciation & Amortization 25,986 574 214,352 240,912

Operating profit 104,931 550,424 8,680 (238,308) 425,727

General corporate

200,000 expenses (23,034)Interest expenses, net Income from continuing

Operations before provision

for income taxes 248,761

Identifiable assets 12,792,699 25,990,456 37,352 38,820,507

For the year ended and as of March 31, 1996

Revenue from

unaffiliated customers \$ 4,915,350 \$ 911,094 \$30,751 \$ --\$ 5.857.195

Revenue from

17,606 intersegments (17,606)

Total revenue 4,932,956 911.094 30.751 (17,606)5,857,195

Depreciation & Amortization 28,153 2,234 214,352 244,739

209,969 Operating profit 116,961 27,939 (214,352) 140,517

General corporate

225.000 expenses Interest expenses, net (37,337)Loss from continuing

Operations before provision

(47,146)for income taxes

</TABLE>

For both fiscal years ended March 31, 1997 and March 31, 1996 the company did not have any customers that represented revenues in excess of 10% nor did it have any operating company outside of the financial services business segment.

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INTERUNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 1997

12. SUBSEQUENT TRANSACTIONS

During fiscal 1997, the Company entered into an agreement where it would act as an investment banker in the recapitalization of Receptagen Ltd., whereby, the Company made available to Receptagen a credit facility of C\$400,000 (USD\$290,000). This credit facility will be exchangeable for a convertible debenture of Receptagen which converts into units of Receptagen at a rate of C\$0.105 per unit. Each unit is itself exchangeable, after the private placement outlined below, into one common share and one share purchase warrant at C\$0.14 within two years. The credit facility was fully subscribed by investors other then the Company.

On April 7, 1997, all creditors of Receptagen agreed to exchange debt of approximately C\$9 million for shares of the Company issued under Regulation "S" of the United State Securities Act of 1933, at a rate of C\$0.20 per C\$1.00 of debt. The Company expects to issue approximately 260,000 shares valued at USD\$4.00 per share for this transaction in addition to 213,000 share purchase warrant at USD\$4.00. In exchange, the Company will receive C\$0.20 per C\$1.00 of debt of Receptagen acquired from creditors in the form of convertible debenture. This debenture is convertible into unit "A" of Receptagen at a rate of C\$0.07 per unit. Each unit 'A' is exchangeable into one common share and one share purchase warrant at C\$0.14 within two years.

The third phase of the recapitalization of Receptagen involves a private placement of C\$2.5 million in Special Warrants, which is expected to close May 21, 1997. The offering price of these Special Warrants is C\$0.116 and they are exchangeable into one common share and one share purchase warrant at C\$0.14 within two years.

Each Receptagen unit is exchangeable for one common share and one common share purchase warrant at C\$0.14 for two years. All securities issued by Receptagen under its recapitalization plan will be qualified under a prospectus to be filed with the Ontario Securities Commission (the "Qualifying Jurisdiction") on or before September 23, 1997. Receptagen is currently traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("RCG") and the NASD Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board ("RCEPF").

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

During fiscal 1997, the Company paid a company owned by a director approximately \$40,000 which has been included as rent expense. In turn, this company has paid an unrelated party \$40,000 as rent for these same premises that only the Company is occupying.

On September 26, 1996. the Company paid \$80,000 to acquire an option to purchase all of the outstanding shares of New Research Corporation. The option to acquire all of the outstanding shares of New Research Corporation expires on December 15, 1997. New Research is owned by the majority shareholder of the Company.
